

Technical Data Sheet E-CTFE

ECTFE natural

ECTFE, E-CTFE, Halar®

Typical Properties

- Flame-retardant
- High purity
- High flexural fatigue strength
- High stiffness
- High low-temperature impact strength
- High continuous service temperature
- Chemically resistant
- Good weathering resistance

Typical Industries

- Chemical plant engineering
- Cleanroom technology
- Electronics
- Bakery and confectionery
- Storage tanks
- Meat, fish and poultry processing
- Food industry

	Test Method	Unit	Value
General Properties			
Density	DIN EN ISO 1183-1	g / cm ³	1.71
Flammability (thickness 3 mm / 6 mm)	UL 94		V0 / V0
Mechanical Properties			
Yield stress	DIN EN ISO 527	MPa	30
Elongation at break	DIN EN ISO 527	%	250
Tensile modulus	DIN EN ISO 527	MPa	1500
Shore hardness	DIN EN ISO 868	scale D	71
Thermal Properties			
Melting temperature	ISO 11357-3	°C	230
Thermal conductivity	DIN 52612-1	W / (m * K)	0.15
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion	DIN 53752	10 ⁻⁶ / K	90
Service temperature, long-term	Average	°C	-50 ... 150
Service temperature, short-term (max.)	Average	°C	180
Heat deflection temperature	DIN EN ISO 75, method A, HDT	°C	70
Electrical Properties			
Volume resistivity	DIN EN 62631-3-1	Ω * cm	10 ¹⁵

	Test Method	Unit	Value
Surface resistivity	DIN EN 62631-3-2	Ω	10^{13}
Comparative tracking index	IEC 60112		600
Dielectric strength	IEC 60243	kV / mm	15

The short-term maximum service temperature applies only to applications with very low mechanical load over a few hours. The long-term maximum service temperature is based on the thermal ageing of the plastics through oxidation, which results in a decrease of the mechanical properties. The temperatures stated are those which, after a period of at least 5,000 hours, cause a 50% decrease of the tensile strength (measured at room temperature) compared with the initial value. This value does not indicate the mechanical strength of the material at high application temperatures. In thick-walled parts, only the surface layer is affected by oxidation at high temperatures, which can be better protected by the addition of antioxidants. The core of the parts remains undamaged in any case. The minimum service temperature is largely determined by possible impact or shock loading in service. The values stated refer to low impact loading. The electrical values were measured on natural-coloured, dry material. With other colours (in particular black) or moist material, significant changes of the electrical values may occur. The values stated are average values secured by continuous statistical testing. They comply with the requirements of DIN EN 15860. They serve only as information about our products and as an aid to material selection. We do not legally warrant any specific properties or suitability for a particular purpose. As the properties also depend on the dimensions of the semi-finished stock and the degree of crystallinity (e.g. nucleation by pigments), the actual property values of a specific product may deviate somewhat from the data.

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